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PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:) Calmer, Marion)	Examiner: Torres, Alicia M.
Serial No.: 10/623,322	Examination 101100, 1 21011 1101
Filed: 07/19/2003	Art Unit: 3671
For: Penetrating Stalk Rolls)	Docket No.: USPA-0018

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- 2. 2038 Credit Card Payment Form
- 3. Amended response in support of RCE filed on September 8, 2005.

Total Pages Sent by Fax 1 (including this page)

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Under the Paris No.	Reduction Act of 1939 to 023018	Application Number	10/623,322
TRAN	SMITTAL	Filing Date	07/19/2003
F	ORM	First Named Inventor	Marion Calmer
(to be used for all correspondence after initial Aling)		Art Unit	3671
		Examiner Name	Torres, Alida M.
Total Number of Pages	in This Submission 14	Attorney Docket Number	USPA-0018
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PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Calmer, Marion)
Serial No.: 10/623,322	Examiner: Torres, Alicia M.
Filed: 02/28/2003) Art Unit: 3671
For: Penetrating Stalk Rolls)
Dear Ms. Torres:	10/17/2005 TL0111 00000034 10623322
	01 FC:2202 375.00 DF

Applicant submits this amendment in response to the Office Action dated December 22, 2004. Applicant previously submitted a request for continued examination on September 8, 2005. Subsequent, Applicant received a notice requiring excess claim fees. Applicant has revised the amendment and request for continued examination filed on September 8, 2005. Applicant requests the Examiner review the original claims 1-10 and Claim 20 again in light of Applicant's arguments. Applicant has cancelled claims 11-19. Per the Examiner's direction in the office action, Applicant has also included new claims 21-40 further incorporating the patent specification disclosure.

CLAIMS

Applicant encloses a claim listing as required by 37 C.F.R. 1.121 including previously presented claims 1-20. Typographical and spelling errors in Claims 1-20 as previously presented have been corrected. Claims 21-40 are newly presented.

CLAIM REJECTIONS

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-3, 6 and 7, 9 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Russell (U.S. Pat. #3,304,702) in view of Lundahl (U.S. Patent #5,309,702); claims 4 and 5 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Russell and

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Lundahl in view of Calmer (U.S. Patent #5,704,202); claims 8 and 10 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Russell and Lundahl, further in view of Sutton.

The Examiner has the burden of making a prima facie case of obviousness. The Examiner has not carried this burden in this case. The Examiner cannot review the prior art and use a combination of elements from non-analogous sources, in a manner that reconstructs the Applicant's invention only with the benefit of hindsight. There must be some reason, suggestion, or motivation found in the prior art whereby a person of ordinary skill in the field of the invention would make the combination. That knowledge can not come from the applicant's invention itself.¹ Furthermore, in attempting to make the prima facie case for obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a), the Examiner has chosen among individual parts of assorted prior art references to reconstruct applicant's invention which is impermissible.² The Examiner in her reliance on the teachings of several prior art references, has not looked at the invention as a whole but only the various pieces or features of the invention. ³

¹ See In re Octiker, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ 2d 1443, 1446 (Fcd. Cir. 1992)

² See Akzo N.V. v. United States Int'l Trade Comm'n, 1 USPQ 2d 1241, 1246 (Fed. Cir. 1986), cert. denied, 482 U.S. 909 (1987) (stating that prior art references before the tribunal must be read as a whole and consideration must be given where the references diverge and teach away from the claimed invention. . . . [m]oreover, appellants cannot pick and choose among individual parts of assorted prior art references "as a mosaic to recreate a facsimile of the claimed invention."

³ See Ex parte Hiyamizu, 10 USPQ 2d 1393, 1394-95 (B.P.A.I. 1988) (hold that under 35 U.S.C. 103 where the examiner has relied on the teachings of several references, the test is whether or not the references viewed individually and collectively would have suggested the claimed invention to the person possessing ordinary skill in the art. It is to be noted, however, that citing references which merely indicate that isolated elements and/or features recited in the claims are known is not a sufficient basis for concluding that the combination of claimed elements would have been obvious. . . . Furthermore, it is well settled that where the claimed invention solves a problem, the discovery of the source of the problem and its solution are considered to be part of the "invention as a whole")